

AUSTIN'S DEATH LIST IS ESTIMATED AT 150

properly Loss, \$6,000,000 Town Wiped Out and May Not Be Rebuilt Dam Had Given Warning Before

AUSTIN, Pa., Oct. 1.—The curtain of night which was drawn down on the Austin flood disaster scarcely before its time had all been claimed and its surviving spectators fully realized how great a tragedy the elements of water and fire enacted, was lifted at dawn today, revealing a ghastly scene of death and devastation.

Austin itself, yesterday a busy mill town of 3,000 persons, only a ghost of a town today. Torn to pieces by water and fire, the wet and charred remnants of its buildings, reared to hold the bodies of many persons, were strewn along the valley edge, piled in rows where the main street business section was, or swept in scattered masses far down the river at Costello, the ruins of more than 50 buildings.

Estimates of the loss of life diminished today when an army of volunteers worked its way into the scenes of wreckage. In the opinion of many on the ground the number of deaths will not reach 150, while less hopeful place the list of survivors might have escaped after surviving the first rush of the water.

The property loss will exceed \$6,000,000, and it is the general opinion that town never will be rebuilt. Two large plants will not be reconstructed and a majority of the business of the place have been ruined initially.

500 men who had toiled all day in a heavy rain storm abandoned task with the coming of dark tonight. Although they had mighty heaps of debris, fought fire and worked on without food, to remove the bodies of the dead, less than a score of dead had a found.

Battalion of state police then surrounded the town and no person with a pass was permitted to enter.

Three Killed at Costello.

Reports from Costello and other parts further down Sinnemahoning Creek grew more encouraging as the advanced. At Costello, while there was a heavy financial loss, it seemed that no more than three persons were dead. Beyond that point fatalities had been reported.

Surrounded by death, men who at first had shuddered at the touch of a dead body, sat about indifferently, as though they had been long at work searching mangled forms for papers of identification.

One corpse among so many did not seem gaudily. The sensation was appalling.

The immediate scene of the obliteration of Austin covers an area three-eighths of a mile wide and one and three-quarters miles long. This comprised the business section and the valley residence portion.

Nearly a mile above stood the mammoth concrete dam of the Bayless Pulp & Paper company, 800 feet long, 52 feet high and 30 feet thick at the bottom, tapering to a thickness of three feet at the top.

Back of this dam yesterday lay a reservoir of water a mile and a half long and an average of 35 feet deep. Directly in front of the dam stood the plant of the Bayless company, with four main buildings. Stacked high nearby were 700 cords of 50-inch wood and slabs and also a portion of the company's immense timber stock, totaling in the entire valley 15,000,000 feet of hardwood and 25,000,000 of hemlock.

This was a five-year supply, practically all have been provided with shelter. On the outskirts of town are a number of houses that were evacuated by workers in the Gondor mill when that plant was destroyed. These houses have been given to the homeless. The residents of Keating Summit have taken in the others, several hundred in number.

Any evidences of the tremendous power of the flood were seen today by the workers in the town. Engines weighing 15,000 tons had been rolled along the ground. An immense steel girder was carried half a mile and won through the side of a house.

(Continued on Page Two.)

STIN FOLK BELIEVED BIG DAM UNSAFE; HOPED THAT EXPECTED BREAK WOULD GIVE AMPLE WARNING

ASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—When I was unsafe. The people have been afraid of it, but no protest has been made, because the Bayless Pulp & Paper company's mill, supposed to be the largest of its kind in the world, was the life of the town.

"A year ago the reservoir was full of ice. It cracked the masonry of the dam and frightened the citizens. The emergency lock at the bottom of the dam, for use when the pressure became too great, would not work. The dam was dynamited to let the water out and thus avoid its giving away."

"Since then the mill company built a wooden dam about a half mile above the big one in order to minimize the pressure on the concrete structure. They were still nailing planks on the work of the auxiliary dam three weeks ago. I cannot understand why the company let the water accumulate so that it ran over the dam. The water used to give out each summer and the dam was built to avoid shutting down the plant."

FAMILY OF 8 CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

INDIANA, Pa., Oct. 1.—Eight children of Mr. and Mrs. William Dean of Heathon, near here, ranging in ages from 18 years to 8 months, were burned to death early today, when fire destroyed the home. The parents left the children in their beds and went to the first floor, where they made an attempt to extinguish the fire. The blaze spread rapidly and they were unable to return to the room.

The consensus of opinion in the almost has been that the Am-

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911

Sun rises today, 6:01; sets, 5:03. Mean temperature yesterday, 63. Weather today—Showers and cooler. Sunshine yesterday, not recorded.

PRICE FIVE CENTS



Postmaster General Hitchcock delivering mail bag to Earle L. Ovington. One of the features of the international aviation meet at Nassau boulevard, Long Island, is the delivery of mail by aeroplane, which is the first time this has been attempted in America. The feat so far has been successful and proven that such a thing is practical. On the aviation grounds have been erected impromptu postoffices at which postcards, stamps, etc., are sold and mailed. At stated times the mail closes. Five minutes after the mail hour, Earle L. Ovington can be seen dashing off to Minola, Long Island, with a bag of mail. After depositing his bag and receiving another he immediately jumps into the air and is back within half an hour. Ovington is scheduled to start in the Hearst coast-to-coast race for a prize of \$50,000 this week.

State Department Is Notified of Tripoli Coast Blockade

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Notice was received at the state department to-night that the Italian government issued a proclamation of the blockade of the coast of Tripoli, September 23. The text of the proclamation, cabled to the department by Ambassador Leishman at Rome, follows:

"The government of his majesty, the King of Italy, in view of the state of war existing between Italy and Turkey, acting in conformity with the principles of the law of nations and particularly with the rules laid down by the declaration of Paris of April 15, 1856, and by the declaration of London of February 26, 1869, declares that beginning with September 23 the littoral of Tripoli and Cyrene extending from the frontier of Tunis to the frontier of Egypt with all its ports, harbors, roadsteads and creeks comprised between degrees of latitude, 31 minutes, and 32 seconds and longitude 25 minutes east of Greenwich will be held in effective blockade against Tripoli and Cyrene commenced at sunset yesterday."

The London cable is censored so it is impossible for the outside world to know what is going on there. The Ottoman government clearly is not in a hurry, and the most significant news of the day is the decision of the Turkish council again to appeal to the powers and in the meantime to suspend offensive measures. Late to-night this new appeal had not reached the British government, and there is nothing to indicate that the attitude of the powers has undergone any change.

President Markham of the Illinois Central said nothing had been done by the railroad during the day.

"Saturday afternoon and Sunday is a holiday," he said, "but we expect the shops to open on time tomorrow."

Julius Krutschmitt, vice president of the Hartman lines, spent most of the day playing golf.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—E. E. Calvin, vice president and general manager of the Southern Pacific railroad, spent the day compiling a list of men at work and on strike in the territory under his jurisdiction, which reaches from Ashland, Ore., to Sparks, Nev., and El Paso, Tex. He gave out tonight his first set of figures on the situation, this being the only strike development on the coast. From all points were received reports of orderly meetings among the men and everywhere trains were reported on time, or with no more than ordinary variations from schedules.

"Out of a total of 4,453 men employed in shops, 4,524, or 60 per cent, remained at work," said Mr. Calvin's statement.

(Continued on Page Two.)

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 1.—Basing his belief upon information received from various parts of the republic, Francisco I. Madero, whom the people of Mexico today officially elected president, declared that there was no doubt that his candidate for the vice-presidency, Jose Pino Suarez of Yucatan, also had been elected.

At the headquarters of the Catholic party, Gabriel Fernandez Somellera, chairman of the central committee, said he believed Francisco de la Barra had been elected vice president.

"We have won by a big majority in the capital," said Madero.

"We have carried almost every district for De la Barra," said Somellera.

"The only thing that appeared reasonably certain to-night was that Mr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez, independent candidate for the vice-presidency, was snowed under in the Federal districts. No disorders had been reported here up to 8 o'clock."

"Naturally, I am gratified that those people should have elected me for the presidency," said Madero, "but I am more than pleased that the people have proved my assertion that they were able to hold open elections. I expected no serious trouble. The passing of General Bernardo Reeves relieved the last chance for disorders."

Madero announced to-night that at least one of the present cabinet, Ernesto Madero, the minister of finance, would remain. Minister Madero demurred. It is said, on the ground that it might raise the cry of nepotism, but today he consented to retain the portfolio. The portfolio of foreign relations has been offered to De la Barra, but to-night he expressed his unwillingness in accept.

At 9 o'clock Madero's cabinet committee claimed 70 per cent of the federal districts for the Madero-Pino Suarez ticket. A third vote remained to be counted.

Julius Krutschmitt, vice-president and director of maintenance and operation of the Hartman lines. Thousands of union men employed on the system struck Saturday to enforce their demands for the recognition of the newly formed federation of employees.

Krutschmitt spent yesterday on the golf course.

Coroner Ayers of Park county has turned the case over to Coroner Hamilton of this city. The latter left to-night to bring the body to Cripple Creek.

Sullivan and Truett, were close friends and the former was prostrated over the fatal accident.

EVERY MEMBER SHOULD ATTEND

MERRITT PROVES ALIBI; RELEASED

EL PASO DELEGATION TO UNITE AT DENVER

Resolutions Committee Will Report at Public Lands Convention at 2 P. M.

Authorities Say They Are "Stumped" and Do Not Know Where to Turn

One of the most important sessions of the Public Lands convention, now meeting in Denver, will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The officers of the El Paso county delegation have issued an urgent call for all delegates to be present at the meeting in Denver this afternoon. At that time the report of the resolutions committee will be made, and it is thought that the minority report, which was drawn up by the El Paso delegates, has an excellent chance of passing if every member of the delegation is present to give it united support.

The delegation from this county has been strong in its stand for government control of public domain and natural resources. It has been fighting against big odds in the convention, which has seemed to favor state control and the abolition of government bureaus which have had the conservation of public domain under their observance for many years. The El Paso county delegation believes that it is fighting a packed convention, and every member is doing his utmost to break the power of the "state rights clique" in the Denver convention.

"But it does not mean that we are going to give up," Sheriff Birrell said last night. "Although we have followed every possible clew, searched for them from every possible theory and investigated every person whom we think would have any knowledge of the crime, yet we have found nothing. There is hope, though, and that is what is keeping us up. Some day we should be able to strike some thing."

But from the police end, while they intend to keep at work on the case, they feel it will be a lucky hit that gives them a clew to take them any further in the case.

Statements were given out yesterday, saying that the police, county authorities and Pinkerton detectives were working in perfect harmony.

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Both Sides Spent Yesterday in Preparation of the Coming Struggle

RAILROAD STRIKE BEGINS IN EARNEST

Both Sides Spent Yesterday in Preparation of the Coming Struggle

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Railroad officials and union men on the Hartman lines, who struck yesterday to enforce their demands for the recognition of the newly formed federation of employees, spent the day in preparation for the struggle which will begin in earnest tomorrow.

The walkout, occurring before the Saturday half-holiday, gave the railroad a full day and a half in which to make preparations to run the shops, and it was said that in many of the shops a practically full force of men would be at work. The men at the big Burnside shops here spent the day quietly gathering in little knots on the streets and their cottages, discussing the outcome of the struggle.

Watchers near the shops say that 100 strike-breakers were brought in on a special train. Provisions for keeping the men at the shops also were made. There were no signs of trouble.

President Markham of the Illinois Central said nothing had been done by the railroad during the day.

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(Continued on Page Two.)

BOY SHOT; FIRST DEATH IN DEER HUNTING SEASON

Special to The Gazette

CRIPPLE CREEK, Oct. 1.—James Truett, the 16-year-old son of W. L. Truett, of the Cresson mine, was shot and killed late this afternoon at Lake George, Park county, by Dale Sullivan, one of a party of hunters that left here today.

Sullivan was seated in the rear seat of an automobile, extracting shells from a gun when a cartridge accidentally exploded sending a charge of buckshot into Truett's breast.

The boy was in the act of stepping from the front seat of the car.

Coroner Ayers of Park county has turned the case over to Coroner Hamilton of this city. The latter left to-night to bring the body to Cripple Creek.

Sullivan and Truett, were close friends and the former was prostrated over the fatal accident.

Mr. Truett died at 11:30 p. m. yesterday.

Arriving here, the president of the

Omaha club for him to Omaha

today had to be abandoned. The presi-

CLEAN BILL OF HEALTH IN MURDER MYSTERY

John Merritt, brother of Miss Anna Merritt, and his murdered wife, was released by the police yesterday afternoon and apparently given a clean bill of health, so far as the Wayne and Burnham murders are concerned.

The police announced, following Merritt's release, that they have investigated his case thoroughly and that from statements made by friends, he produced a flawless alibi as to his whereabouts the Sunday night the murder is supposed to have happened.

With Merritt's release, the police announce that they are "stumped" and do not know where to turn.

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DR. T. B. FLEMING
DENTIST
OVER BUSY CORNER
Phone Black 255

STEPHENSON TO TELL HOW CAMPAIGN FUND WAS USED

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 1.—United States Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin probably will take the witness stand tomorrow in his own defense against charges that the corrupt use of money contributed to his election on March 4, 1909.

Three members of the subcommittee on campaign funds and elections of the United States Senate are ready to begin the inquiry into the charges presented at Washington that much of the \$107,793 which Senator Stephenson used in his primary campaign was illegally employed.

The charges were the result of two previous investigations, one by the

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effective work in keeping off would-be plunderers. In several cases the guardians had hand-to-hand conflicts with the marauders.

The survivors of the flood had not recovered from the horror of the situation this morning, and for hours none but stragglers visited the ruins. As the day progressed small knots of survivors met and visited the sites of the ruined town. Many striking incidents of the flood and escapes were recounted.

Telephone Girl Gives Alarm.

Credit for the quick spreading of the alarm was given to Lena Glueckey, a telephone operator. Upon the receipt of a message from the Cliff house that the dam had broken she pushed the alarm button connecting with the fire department, and engineer's office of the Goodyear Lumber mill below the town.

The engineer tied his whistle down and the fire bell in the town was sounded continuously. The operators then rushed to the street, screaming the warning cry. "The dam has broken!" Then she fled for her life toward the steep hillside at the north end of Main street. Turning toward the valley she saw the great wall of water descending upon the town.

"From where I stood," she said, "today the wall of water seemed 50 feet high. Above it rose a great cloud of spray. Houses were turning, spinning and bumping as they fell to pieces or were swept out of my sight. The noise was appalling."

When I fled from Main street there were scores behind me, many of them children. They did not seem to appreciate their danger. Some turned into stores as if to make a purchase. While I was looking down upon them, helpless to give further warning, the cloud of mist that seemed to precede the flood hid them from view, and a moment later the green water buried the houses from my sight."

Chief of Police Baker took an informal census today and from his list calculated that at least 400 were unaccounted for. Park Strubert chairman of the citizens committee and burgher Michael Murin pointed out that this reckoning necessarily is inaccurate because many of those who swayed the flood are wandering about trying to house themselves and thus dependent upon them. Burgher Murin said that in his opinion, not more than 100 lives were lost.

It is possible that this figure will cover the loss, he said, "and it is possible that there will not be more than 100."

The burgher and the Rev. W. P. O'Brien who has been pastor of St. Augustine Roman Catholic church at Austin for many years and who are familiar with business conditions estimate the property damage at about \$100,000. The Reservoir Company which owned the dam was damaged \$10,000 according to Mr. O'Brien. The Goodyear Lumber company \$1,000,000, the Puffel's and Susquehanna railway \$100,000 and the 100 houses destroyed with their contents \$1,000,000.

Many Children Among Dead

It is thought that when the wreckage is cleared away it will be found that a large number of the dead are children. Fred Lockhard, a young business man of Austin had a narrow escape. Lockhard said that when he heard the alarm he thought that some one was playing a practical joke and he went into the street to watch the actions of the populace. He looked in the direction of the dam and saw the oncoming flood was but three blocks away.

He looked like a wall of wood 25 feet high, he said. At first glance I did not see the water at all, I saw the wood from the pulp mill was carried before it becoming a sort of battering ram that beat at the buildings of the town. I ran toward the hill and by the greatest effort got above the level of the water while it was surging within 10 feet of me. The ground began to give way under me but I managed to clamber a few feet further and caught hold of a tree to which I clung.

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Through came to the town today from all points of the valley below Austin to ascertain the extent of damage and to find friends and relatives. The rush of water had carried away every means of wire communication J. C. Borchard who lived within half a mile of Costello, said that when the crest of the flood swept past his home there were no signs of human beings or other houses in the debris.

The entire surface of the flood was covered with newly cut timber and pieces of lumber. It was not until a lapse of five or six minutes that pieces of house tops, broken furniture and other evidences of the destruction of the town began to appear.

The people of Costello, he said, received ample warning from Austin that the dam had broken, and although 40 or 50 houses were demolished only three fatalities occurred.

Cement Patch Gives Way.

The breaking of the dam was complete, it was sudden. Two immense stones from top to bottom of the wide wall were thrown bodily into the impense gates of a canal lock. The outward swing is more than 50 feet and on either side the remaining structure began gradually to crumble away.

Repairs last spring had consisted of a patch of cement 14 feet square. One of the several sections of stone had been swept off its setting. Along the footprints were thrown shattered blocks. At either end of Main street brick buildings acted as buttresses to the 25-foot wall of water rushing toward with its mass of debris.

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Small Crowd Was Amusing Themselves.

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The cause of the break is a matter which the district attorney of the county will investigate. The Bassett dam was examined by experts more than a year ago and recommendations were made looking to its safety. The district attorney has secured the names of experts who submitted the report and will summon them to testify at an inquest to begin this week. Relief work had not been systematically organized tonight but it is hoped that in moving the chaotic condition will have been relieved somewhat.

Shortly after 11 o'clock this morning the first relief train arrived over the Pennsylvania railroad with four cars loads of food and medical supplies from the state arsenal at Harrisburg.

At Sunbury, Pa., 21 men of Troop C of the state constabulary all the available men at hand were taken aboard and a delay of an hour was caused by the loading of the troop horses.

It was shown that there is need of strong hand to guard the town. The troopers had been at work during the night, securing the horses that are of the A. S. T. C. and the horses of several stores had been wrecked. The rumor was not true.

The foremen and volunteers did



Mme. Eames and Gogorza at home.

According to a dispatch from Paris, a new inquiry into the circumstances preceding the ecclesiastical annulment of Emma Eames' marriage to Julian Story, which made possible her recent marriage by a Catholic clergyman to Emilio de Gogorza, is being made under the direction of Archbishop Amette of Paris. The Eames-Gogorza marriage took place in Paris July 12.

was carried to that point and from impact stoves and lamps it caught fire. It is believed that scores of persons were buried under from 10 to 20 feet of wreckage there and the task of recovering them will be difficult.

Rescuers Work in Storm.

In a drizzling rain which changed to a beating storm, hundreds of volunteers carried on the work of rescue, while many, hysterical, viewed the mangled corpses, anxious to know if any of them were loved ones. Fires still were burning briskly in some portions of the wreckage this afternoon, although they had been under control several hours.

The Buffalo and Susquehanna railroad found a way into Austin today by connecting with the Keating Summit spur, a branch track that followed the hill. By this route they landed several fire companies from Olean, Galeton, Renova and Smithport.

Two morgues were established during the afternoon. One is in the High school building, and is for the reception of all bodies taken from the east side of the valley. The other is in the Odd Fellows building for the bodies taken from the wreckage on the west side of the town.

Following the arrival of a special train with state health officials a meeting of the officers, surgeons, physicians and nurses was held, at which an executive organization and a supply committee were formed.

A census of the living and dead is being made. As many of the survivors are foreigners it is hard work, but it is hoped to complete the census by tomorrow.

One of the most pathetic in the long list of tragedies is the case of James Leeman, a night worker, who was asleep at his home and did not hear the alarm. When the rush of water swallowed up his home he was tossed out upon a pile of fleeting debris and eventually floated to a landing, a mile and a half below the village. Wounded and bruised he returned, only to find that his wife and four children had perished. Leeman went violently insane.

Chief of Police Daniel Baker of Austin, one of the survivors with the assistance of Ernest Hamilton and a number of constables from nearby towns maintained as good order as could be expected throughout the night and until the arrival of the company of the state constabulary this morning.

There were 80 mounted men in the state guard but on account of the wreckage in the valley it was not practicable to ticket the ruins of the valley on horseback. Lines were established and only workers and searchers were allowed to pass.

There was little pillaging. During the forenoon Chief Baker discovered a man and woman removing a watch from a man's pocket but to attempt to arrest them was useless and the pair got away after some rough handling by the crowd. In the wreckage of three stores he found that the cash registers had been looted. One man with three watches was locked up in a freight car.

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Houses were tossing about like

ships, he said. I was transfixed with horror, unable to make a move to save myself. The entire building lurched forward and then collapsed.

I fell two stories with the building and found myself protected in a bridge which had been formed by wedged timbers. I made good my escape

up in a freight car.

A primary election was in progress in the town hall when the flood broke. A hatless man dashed by yelling to the crowd about the booth something about the dam bursting and the election inspectors and voters dashed out and took to the hills, leaving their ballots unmarked. Some escaped but many were too late and were whirled into the debris which formed a dam of itself just below Main street. The dam of debris at this point at least was 75 feet high and three or four blocks long.

In this mass the bodies of the majority of victims are believed tonight to lie, mangled and burned. The halves of houses, twisted telephone poles, huge sections of brick walls, trees and timbers are so interwoven that the rescuers have to fight their way into the debris inch by inch.

Five hundred or more men were working in the ruins late this afternoon. Heavy logging ropes were tied about the bigger pieces of wreckage, and, with 200 or 300 men tugging the ruins were forced apart, often to fall again into the tangle and make the work all the more difficult. The dam of debris which formed at Austin stayed the onrush of the current sufficiently for the alarm to spread down the valley, and the residents of Costello had time to flee to the hills.

The eastern side of the village, however, was destroyed entirely, rendering about 400 people homeless. It is believed that only three lives were lost, and of those only one body that of an unidentified woman, had been recovered late this afternoon.

The work of clearing up the debris is under the direction of State Senator A. T. Baldwin, who lost his father, mother, wife and home in the flood and who himself was painfully hurt in escaping the disaster. During the night food supplies were scarce and the rescuers, many of whom were unused to such heavy work, toiled without so much as asking anything to eat. Several of them collapsed today.

Governor Dix telephoned from Albany this morning that the state of New York was prepared to send anything the sufferers might need as soon as Pennsylvania would signify what would be acceptable.

Farmers Send Food Supplies.

There was no lack of willing hands—country women for miles around drove to the scene and between comforting the bereaved Austin women and getting lunches for the survivors they are busy all day and into the night. Men, too, have fought their way along, with axes and brush for a mile or more to get pure water for coffee, and farmers drove in with large supplies of fresh milk.

In order to be fed one had to be taken to Cardin. The record shows that it will help you begin today. Who wait?

The foremen and volunteers did

\$18.00

Suit Sale

Cee Them in Our Window

We are offering the swellest line of Men's and Young Men's Suits ever shown in this town.

Compare them with Suits shown elsewhere at \$20.00 to \$25.00.

Every Suit Guaranteed

All Our New Hats Are Here.

Ask Our Man to Show You.

STATE DEPARTMENT

(Continued From Page One.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 1.—The German ambassador, Marshal von Bleibstein, today gave the sultan the German empire's reply to his appeal for mediation. After expressing feelings of real friendship and veneration for the sultan, the emperor says that in the interests of humanity he had instructed the ambassador to make efforts looking to intervention but declared that isolated German action unsupported by other powers would have no effect.

In deference to the sultan's wishes, however, he would make another proposal for intervention and would submit a similar petition to other powers.

Said Pasha having failed to form a cabinet, Kamil Pasha was summoned to the palace this afternoon. It is the sultan who is anxious for a coalition ministry headed by these two veterans.

OMAHA, Oct. 1.—Upon his arrival here tonight President Taft found a long code from the state department giving in detail the developments of the last two days in the Turko-Italian war situation. The message had not been fully translated at a late hour tonight and it was said the president would not take up any of the matters until tomorrow. It was stated that an official announcement as to the country's attitude would be made from the state department at Washington.

TARANTO, Oct. 1.—A transport and yacht captured at Prevesa have arrived here under escort. Ten Turkish officers and 120 soldiers aboard the transport have been disarmed and are held prisoners.

ATHENS, Oct. 1.—The report that the Greek army is mobilizing is officially denied.

TOBACCO SHORTENS LIFE

But if You Just will Use It, Get a Doctor to Prescribe the Least Harmful.

From the New York Herald

Let the good physician prescribe for you if you feel that you ought to smoke, for if the right kind of tobacco is burned you may live a hundred years. It is likely the medical man will say, "Extricate it from your memory like a vain appendix." The latest theory about the fragrant weed as expounded by Dr. William F. Waugh of Chicago in the current issue of the New York Medical Journal is that it is medicinal.

"Tobacco is a heart sedative," observes Doctor Waugh, "and the fact that many hearts learn to accommodate themselves to the burden and continue apparently normal functioning about by the war. A proclamation has been issued them to remain calm and stating that the committee imposes upon itself the defense of the nation and the enrollment of volunteers. The government has issued orders prohibiting the use of harbor lights until further notice. There has been numberless anti-Italian demonstrations, but no serious disorders.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 1.—A meeting of the chamber of deputies last night in which 60 deputies took part, violently criticised Ahmed Riza Bey, president of the chamber, as the agent of the committee exercising an evil influence over the sultan in order to prevent the appointment of Kamil Pasha as grand vizier. A deputation of five members was sent to the palace and was received by the sultan, who said,

"For some time I have been desirous of convening the chamber, but the opposition of Hakki Pasha prevented my doing so. I now order you to inform your colleagues that we decree the immediate convocation of parliament.

"I am a great reader of history," continued the sultan, "but never have I encountered a more flagrant case of violation of rights than that committed by Italy. When visiting Adrianople and Salomia I inspected the fortifications. I wish the whole empire were so well guarded, but unfortunately Tripoli has been neglected.

Now there are some physicians who enjoy good cigars and have lived to a good old age by cheerfully accommodating their hearts to the influence of nicotine. Again there are others like Hakki and his cabinet.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 1.—The safe arrival of the Turkish fleet in the Dardanelles is confirmed, the commander reporting that he managed to circumvent the Italian squadron. The British officers on the Turkish warships are being disembarked. Admiral Williams, who is reorganizing the Ottoman navy, has informed the minister of marine that owing to the state of war he is unable to continue his duties.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 1.—Official announcement is made that Italian forces have landed near Prevesa.

VIENNA, Oct. 1.—Private dispatches from the Balkans predict a critical situation. Official advices from Sofia and Belgrade say both Bulgaria and Serbia remain quiet, but unofficial reports are less reassuring.

The Bulgarian Liberal leader, Radislavov, urges mobilization. The young Liberal chief, Tonoff, demands that the government intervene to prevent the Turkish expropriation of Bulgarians in Macedonia. It is reported that both Serbia and Montenegro will mobilize.

The Italian attack on Prevesa has led to a considerable revision of feeling on the part of Austria. Both press and public opinion condemn the attack as unprovoked and endangering the peace of Europe. In the opinion of

Doctor Waugh also warns against the lazy bug adding that every man is as lazy as he dares. At the same time he would not have mankind work so hard that hearts will be awakened in the game of life.

"Not physical overexertion alone increases the heart's work beyond the need," he says, "but habits of gluttony and indulgence. The man who gorges with rich food for complete utilization, eating or drinking too much, overworks the heart."

Heavy underwear days are these.
Get yours on time and ward off an unpleasant cold.

Men's shirts and drawers—above average qualities, below average prices, **50¢, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.**

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SEGREGATION WRONG—DOERS IS PLANNED

late Official, Here on Inspection City and County Jails, Tells of Method Under Consideration.

The city and county jails here are in bad condition, according to William Thomas, secretary of the state board of charities and corrections and of the state board of juries, who is making an inspection of the two places for the state.

"I mean by this that the city and county jails are no worse than the other jails of the state," Mr. Thomas continued. "Although none of them comes up to our ideal."

"We are working for a change in the system of our lockups in the state, which will end in leaving the inmates in a better condition after they leave their places, than when they entered. Such is not the case now."

"First of all, we are working for the segregation idea. We want to classify different kinds of prisoners according to their crimes and inclination if it is wrong. We want to put the mental defectives in separate cells, and keep them separated as much as possible in after-life. In this manner we can keep a check on them, prevent them from marrying, thus decrease the number of insane cases that are left on the public's hands."

"Then the men that are convicted should be kept separate from those who are awaiting trial, as well as the hardened criminals from the young and inexperienced. The murderer and petty larceny man should not be allowed to mingle together in jail."

After the state has worked out the idea of segregation, Mr. Thomas says, there is a plan to keep the prisoners employed, so that they will have a chance to keep their minds on something useful instead of destructive.

CLEANING AND PRESSING
is done by the Elite Laundry.

FOUR HURT

(Continued From Page One.)
ing here Saturday afternoon. They have been guests of the Spaulding hotel until last night, when they were taken to the Eye home. The Eyes have been in Colorado Springs for about 12 days. Mr. Eye is a mother by trade. The automobile party had gone through the sanatorium grounds, and upon leaving had inquired of Charles Rosenthal, a patient in the sanatorium, concerning the Glen Eyrie road. Rosenthal told them that it was in poor condition and that it would be better to go back the way they had come. Notwithstanding, the party decided to pass Glen Eyrie over the Mesa, owing to the bad hills and many sharp turns the road is not generally traveled by sightseers.

Goes Farther, Costs Less, than Soap
For general household cleaning, soap powder form is more economical and efficient than in the bar. Gold Dust, one of the first powders—and still the best—can be used more economically than in the bar. Gold Dust contains other ingredients, which soften the hardest soap and allow the soap to do its work little rubbing.

SECRETARY FISHER ANSWERS MONDELL

Says U. S. Policy in Matter of Coal Land Values Not Open to Criticism

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Maintaining that the policy of the United States government with relation to the valuation of public coal lands is not open to the criticisms against it, and that it is designed to prevent monopolization and to encourage development, Walter L. Fisher, secretary of the interior, tonight made public his reply to protests against that policy submitted to him last June by Representative Frank Mondell of Wyoming.

Representative Mondell charged that prices fixed by the government were prohibitive, that they paralyzed the coal industry in the west, resulted in increasing the cost of coal to the consumer from 50 cents to \$1 a ton and created a monopoly.

Mr. Mondell also said that prices for coal lands in all the working fields run from \$150 to \$600 an acre, that millions of acres are rated at values above \$150 an acre, that prices in the better fields are in excess of those charged in commercial practice in the same fields or for better grade coals in eastern fields.

All these allegations, Secretary Fisher, after thorough study, submits as apparently based on misapprehension as to the basis on which valuation is made as to the prices placed on coal lands and as to the effect which the classifications have had on the sale of public lands.

"The prices now fixed," Secretary Fisher says, "are designed not to create monopoly in the hands of present owners of coal lands, but to prevent monopoly by making it unprofitable to purchase large areas for indefinite holding without development."

Wants Immediate Development.—"This, in fact, is the constant aim of the department in prices which it puts upon public coal lands—to make them low enough so as to encourage purchases for immediate development, yet sufficiently high to discourage purchases for long-time holdings for speculation or for monopolization."

"Prices prohibiting development would be detrimental to the present interests of the west; prices permitting purchases with a view to monopolization would be detrimental to their future interests. The sole object, therefore, is to value the lands as to permit development and to prohibit speculation."

"In view of all the facts, however, I am convinced that the prices now being placed on the public coal lands are neither unreasonable nor exorbitant, and that the increase in the sale of coal lands for the four-year fiscal period should be July 31, 1907, in comparison with the preceding four-year period together with the present condition of the western industry demonstrates conclusively that the present classification policy is not open to criticism, which you make."

Secretary Fisher suggests that a liberal but wisely protected leasing law might be found to promote developments more vigorously than any system of outright purchases such as has been the case in Australia and New Zealand, and adopted by Canada in its Yukon territory.

Referring to Mr. Mondell's charge that millions of acres are rated at values above \$150 an acre as "the highest price paid" by coal purchasers, Secretary Fisher says there cannot be millions of acres of classified lands so rated since only 16,000 acres of coal lands in the country have been priced to date.

RODGERS AT HUNTINGTON

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Oct. 1.—C. P. Rodgers, who is contesting for a prize of \$50,000 in a flight from coast to coast, landed here this afternoon at 4:28, after a trip in which his life was endangered several times.

During his flight, Rodgers, ran into three rain storms and for several hours was lost to view.

CURTIS H. REMY DEAD

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Curtis H. Remy, for many years well known as a corporation lawyer, died here today from a bullet wound inflicted while he was in his room in a downtown hotel. At a hospital Remy said he had shot himself while clearing his revolver. Remy formerly served as attorney for the Big Four and the Chesapeake and Ohio railroads.

PINCHOT STANDS PAT IN ALASKAN IDEAS

CORDOVA, Alaska, Oct. 1.—At a mass meeting here last night, Gifford Pinchot, former chief of the forestry bureau, and United States Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, discussed Alaska. Mr. Pinchot did not make known his impressions of different Alaskan situations, saying he would not give his views on the questions until after further deliberations and conference with others identified with the conservation movement.

Mr. Pinchot said that if he had made any misstatements in his magazine articles, the publisher would gladly make corrections.

He said he had not changed his ideas regarding the danger of industrial monopoly in Alaska, which he said was the forerunner of political monopoly. He said that many misstatements had been made regarding Alaska by some magazines, but that on the other hand the Alaskan papers have been too narrow-minded. He said that broad-mindedness on the part of Alaskans is needed to reach the big men in Congress.

Senator Poindexter said that he was not in Alaska to blame any corporation or interests for political conditions, but was free to admit the necessity of limiting the great powers of the big corporations. Senator Poindexter and Mr. Pinchot will leave for Seattle tomorrow.

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GANO-DOWNS

PHYSICIAN ADMITS HE MURDERED HIS BRIDE

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Dr. Harry Elgin Webster, a Rush Medical College graduate and intern in the Polyclinic hospital, in a confession to the police late today admitted that he murdered one of his two young wives, Bessie Kent Webster of Chicago, in the woods 14 miles from Dixon, Ill., September 16.

The police declare that the motive for the crime was Webster's desire to hide from his wife, Zoe Varney Webster of Cedar Rapids, Ia., the fact that he was a bigamist. He had married the two women within one week last January.

Webster declared that he was married first to Zoe Varney at Cedar Rapids, January 4. He said that he was greatly in love with his bride and expected to return to Cedar Rapids to practice medicine. Then he returned to Chicago to continue his hospital work and found complications arising from a love affair of his college days.

He stated that he was forced into a marriage with Bessie Kent January 11, under threats that his alleged relations with her would be exposed and he would lose his hospital position.

"I married Bessie Kent under her promise that she would divorce me immediately after the wedding took place," said Webster. "She then refused to get a divorce and that was the beginning of all the trouble."

SAYS HE TOLD WIFE NO. 2.

Webster stated that he told his second wife of the marriage at Cedar Rapids, but she still refused to agree to a divorce. In August, he brought suit for divorce in the Chicago courts. The case was thrown out because of insufficient evidence.

"I married Bessie Kent under her promise that she would divorce me immediately after the wedding took place," said Webster. "She then refused to get a divorce and that was the beginning of all the trouble."

STRIKERS AT LOS ANGELES

Strikers at Los Angeles held a meeting at which they were advised to stay at home or attend public hearings and be quiet.

At Portland, the 600 men who struck their Friday week Friday night are due to return tomorrow morning if they will do so in face of the strike order. Union men say that with the exception of about 30 men, almost all long ago, all will remain away from work.

The prisoner then said that he spent the night of September 14 with wife No. 2 at a north side house. The next afternoon he started for Dixon and to his surprise Bessie Kent went on the same train. The next morning Webster hired a horse and buggy and, with Mrs. Webster No. 2 drove north of Dixon. "He said that when he started his only object was to have an uninterrupted talk with her and attempt to secure from her an agreement to get a divorce.

On this drive the two quarreled and the physician alleged that his wife struck him and then jumped from the buggy, crying that she would see his parents and expose his life with her.

"When my wife jumped from the buggy," said Webster, "I threw a suit case at her and then I jumped from the buggy and gave chase. She stumbled near a ravine and fell.

I pulled out my pocketknife and stabbed her four or five times in the back of the neck as she lay on the ground."

Webster returned to the horse and buggy to the Dixon livery and 20 minutes later had taken a train for Chicago.

Upon his arrival in Chicago, Webster went to the hospital and announced that he had decided to postpone his vacation. He continued his work as intern and three or four days later reported to the police that his wife was missing. In the next 10 days Webster consulted with the police several times, regarding search for his wife. At no time did the police suspect him until after the body had been identified.

RAILROAD STRIKE

(Continued From Page One.)

The revised count of the general strike of the system at Sacramento shows that 2,005 men were in the service Friday, and that 1,324 remain at work.

Defections in other places are given as follows:

Town. Employed. Remaining.

Los Angeles 1,422 462

Tucson 196 56

San Francisco... 545 230

Oakland 1,066 522

"A large number of men who went yesterday, having expressed a desire to return to work, master mechanics and foremen have been authorized to reemploy them under certain restrictions prescribed by the general superintendent of motive power," the statement says, adding that a num-



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MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911.

THE PROGRESSIVE OUTLOOK

THERE is, we believe, one characteristic that unfailingly distinguishes the Progressives from the reactionaries of both Democratic and Republican parties. It is this: The Progressives have an abiding faith in the people, the reactionaries have not. The Progressives offer primary elections, popular elections of United States Senators, the initiative, the referendum, and the recall as remedies for our political ills. The reactionaries on the other hand, oppose these measures. They appreciate that the adoption of this democratic machinery will take the control of the government away from the few and place it with the many. The reactionaries fear that the people will be foolish in the measures they adopt through the initiative and referendum; they fear that the people will be led astray by demagogues; they fear that an unreasoning mob will recall efficient officers; they fear that public officers will become subservient to the people; they distrust democracy. But, of course, in the arguments which they utter in public against the progressive movement their distrust of the people is not made apparent. For instance, Senator Lorimer has been traveling through Illinois telling the people of the cataclysm that will follow the adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall. He says that these measures will utterly destroy "self-government!" Mr. Lorimer says so!

At the time of the adoption of the Constitution of the United States there was a strong party in favor of curbing the popular will in every manner possible. Alexander Hamilton, for instance, contended that the United States should be made a permanent body, and that the President should hold office for life. A record of the attitude of Hamilton has been preserved in Madison's Journal of the Constitutional Convention.

Madison says: "Hamilton acknowledged himself not to think favorably of republican government, but addressed his remarks to those who did think favorably of it in order to prevail" on them to tone their government as high as possible." The fear of too much democracy showed itself in a number of provisions of the Constitution. For instance, the President was to be elected by an Electoral College, United States senators were to be elected by State Legislatures and both President and Senate were to have veto power over the measures passed by the popularly-elected House of Representatives. Long ago the Electoral College lost all power because the candidates for elector were pledged to vote for a certain candidate for the Presidency.

The Progressives believe that the defects in our Government have arisen by too little rather than too much reliance upon the people. They believe in the sense of fair play of the whole people. They believe that the way to win a majority for any proposition is to present superior arguments for that proposition. They believe that "the remedy for the evils of democracy is more democracy." Their rallying cry is "back to the people." According to this criterion, then, is President Taft a Progressive?

President Taft vetoed the original Arizona-New Mexico statehood bill. The reason that he assigned for so doing was that the Arizona constitution contained a provision for the recall of judges. However, there was another provision in the statehood bill. It was this: the recall provision was to go before the electorate of Arizona. If a majority still favored the provision it was to be retained; otherwise it was to be dropped. The President was unwilling to let the people decide the matter for themselves. His fear of "momentary gusts of popular passion" evidently does not limited to the question of the recall of judges in particular, but in general. Again, we conclude that the President has taken an anti-progressive attitude on a most vital question.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE: MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911

PATRIOTISM

IT IS getting to be the fashion for strong and successful men to forsake business and devote themselves to the public welfare. A few years ago Louis D. Brandeis gave up a lucrative law practice in Boston in order to become an attorney for the people. Since then he has been successful in getting a law passed in Massachusetts that has enabled the laborers of that state to buy industrial insurance at a reasonable price; he defended Pinchot and Glavis before the Congressional investigating committee; he gave his services to the wage-earning women of Oregon and Illinois in his successful defense of the ten-hour laws of those states before the United States Supreme Court.

Not many months ago George W. Perkins, successful banker and financier, severed his active connection with Kuhn, Loeb and Co., in order to devote himself "to the service of the people."

Now comes the announcement from Judge Peter S. Grosscup of the Federal Court of Chicago that he intends to resign in order to be free to do his "part in the court of public opinion." He says: "The reason for my resignation at all is that I desire more freedom not only as an individual but as a citizen. The world politically is trying to catch up with the world's radically changed economic conditions. The 'formative' period is approaching. Next year's Presidential election, I believe, will be the last one on the old lines. The settlement for the future will come, not through the courts of law, but through the court of public opinion. I desire no office

I expect never again to hold office," but I desire greater freedom to do my part in this court of public opinion."

It is patriotism of the best sort that causes these able men to place their abilities in the service of the public, with no selfish desire for gain. May the example of these men cause others to join their ranks!



FROM OTHER PENS

THE REAL ADVERSARIES.

From the New York World:

A noteworthy feature of the Moroccan diplomatic duel is the subordination of one of the principals to one of the seconds, of France to England. Germany and France are the two nations directly involved in negotiations which could end in war. Yet France might almost be a mere proxy for Great Britain, so uncharitable Germany's equanimity toward her. In the negotiations, if Germany "pricks" France, France smiles but England jumps; if France pricks Germany, Germany does not show resentment to France but writhes against England. Thus when Germany made her latest Moroccan demands on France it was England that rang with Gallic indignation, while France merely withdrew her gold from Germany with relatively British phlegm. Now when France has refused the terms of Germany's many reputable German papers print friendly praise of France for her calm restraint, while as many more break out in a new attack of Anglophobia, calling England and not France the national enemy, in some cases claiming war not with France, but with England.

THE UNKNOWN WRITER

The editors are not in a conspiracy to keep budding geniuses from flourishing, says Miss Josephine L. Gilder in the current issue of the Independent. This notion, in fact, "all poppycock." The editors are really hungry for budding genius, crazy to have it come their way, and it is received with a glorious and cordial eagerness that makes the successful Robin Hood's homecoming seem cold and drab. She gives facts to prove this, and cites the cases of a number of new authors whose products were snapped up like hot cakes upon their first appearance in the market place.

Miss Gilder's effort to set the public right and see justice done the editors in this matter is not unique. The same reply has been made to the complaints of the submerged 22-footers among the authors' time and again. It is a good answer, and truer today than ever before, that the 22-footers will never be convinced, because there are so many cases on record where really great writers have had to fight for a hearing, and in some cases obtained it only by virtue of bulldog perseverance. Times have changed mightily, however, and there is little chance of a genius being overlooked or held down nowadays. The relation between literary geniuses and best selling records is another question.

The submerged author's complaint, of course, is not of a conspiracy but a lack of good literary judgment among the editors, an absence of ability to discern the real gifts and future possibilities of a budding writer amidst the verbal and architectural imperfections of his early work. It is unquestionably true that this gift of insight is rare among editors and critics. But the editors know this better than anyone else, and are doubtful of their own judgment. So nowadays, they take few chances. Everything with the least flavor of ability is unloaded on the public and given the benefit of the most approved modern honesting.

It follows that there is almost no chance for the suppression of genius except by the most radical type. If no doubt occasionally happens even now that the original and extremely bizarre creation of some freak of a genius has to fight hard and perhaps wait long for its hearing, just as Miss Gilder might well have said—although she didn't—"breaking into literature" is, as a matter of fact, much too easy nowadays, from the point of view of the reader at least, and it is better to make a few geniuses wait than to open the floodgates any wider.

President Taft vetoed the original Arizona-New Mexico statehood bill. The reason that he assigned for so doing was that the Arizona constitution contained a provision for the recall of judges. However, there was another provision in the statehood bill. It was this: the recall provision was to go before the electorate of Arizona. If a majority still favored the provision it was to be retained; otherwise it was to be dropped. The President was unwilling to let the people decide the matter for themselves. His fear of "momentary gusts of popular passion" evidently does not limited to the question of the recall of judges in particular, but in general.

Again, we conclude that the President has taken an anti-progressive attitude on a most vital question.

The Progressives believe that the defects in our Government have arisen by too little rather than too much reliance upon the people. They believe in the sense of fair play of the whole people. They believe that the way to win a majority for any proposition is to present superior arguments for that proposition. They believe that "the remedy for the evils of democracy is more democracy." Their rallying cry is "back to the people." According to this criterion, then, is President Taft a Progressive?

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President Taft vetoed the original Arizona-New Mexico statehood bill. The reason that he assigned for so doing was that the Arizona constitution contained a provision for the recall of judges. However, there was another provision in the statehood bill. It was this: the recall provision was to go before the electorate of Arizona. If a majority still favored the provision it was to be retained; otherwise it was to be dropped. The President was unwilling to let the people decide the matter for themselves. His fear of "momentary gusts of popular passion" evidently does not limited to the question of the recall of judges in particular, but in general.

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A salesman from whom we had purchased our high grade shirts for many years, decided to engage in the business manufacturing and selling the better class knitted neckwear. The selections we made from his first offering, we will surely be able to duplicate at the prices he made on the incoming trip. Really 75¢ and \$1.00 neckwear, in smart English designs, we offer at 50¢.

The dollar and two dollar values are not duplicated in our lines at two and three.

PUEBLANS ARRANGE DRY FARM EXHIBITS

Big Showing to Be Made by County, in Addition to Individual Display

Messrs. Perry and W. B. Keen of Pueblo were in the city yesterday and Saturday, arranging for the big exhibits that will be made by Pueblo county, and also by themselves, at the International Dry Farming Congress exposition this month. They made a selection for a location for Pueblo county in the Colorado division, and for themselves in the El Paso county division. The Keen brothers' ranch near Eastonville, is one of the show places of this county. They will occupy one side of the El Paso county division with their stuff.

They brought with them yesterday three silver trophy cups that have been won by their dry farming exhibits at other shows. These are now in the window at Dry Farming congress headquarters. The largest one stands 18 inches high and rests on an oblong base. It was won at the Irrigation congress at Albuquerque, three years ago, for the best individual exhibit. This was in competition with irrigation products, and the judges were all expert irrigation men. The next largest cup is the Denver Post trophy, won at the Cheyenne exposition of the International Dry Farming congress, three years ago. This also was for the best individual exhibit. The smallest cup was won at Cheyenne for the best individual display from the state of Colorado.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT TO SPEAK HERE TODAY

Will Be Guest Chamber Commerce This Noon—Tonight Gives Address to Civic League

John Nolen, landscape architect from Boston this morning will arrive in Colorado Springs, where he will give two addresses which have to do with "The City Beautiful." The members of the Chamber of Commerce will meet at 12 o'clock noon for luncheon in the Antlers hotel, and Mr. Nolen will talk upon the subject of civic improvements. The luncheon is open to all members.

This evening at 8:15 o'clock, Mr. Nolen will address the members of the Civic League in Perkins hall. His subject will be "Success in City Making." All interested in such work are invited to attend the evening lecture, whether or not members of the Civic league.

CLASS SCRAP TODAY

High School Senior and Junior Classes Will Mix at Monument Park in Annual Flag Rush

The senior and junior class members of the Colorado Springs High school will indulge in their annual class scrap today, at least, that is the plan. This year's fight will take the place of the regular Arbor-day fight, and is scheduled to take place in Monument park between 2:30 and 3 o'clock.

"There has been no attempt at secrecy," said a member of the senior class. "We had our class meetings Friday and decided that it would be a better time to have it. Members of both classes seemed willing."

The fight will probably be precipitated by a "flag rush." There are about 100 members of the senior class and 125 members of the junior class.

INDIVIDUAL WORK, NOT ORGANIZATIONS, NEEDED

"A Little Leaven Leaveneth the Whole Lump" was the subject chosen by Dr. D. D. Forsyth of Denver for his address before the lobby meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon. He took his text from Luke 13:21: "And she hid a lump of leaven in three measures of meal, and the whole leaveneth."

The gist of the sermon was that it does not take great organizations to bring the world to Christ, but it does take individual work in the lives of religious men. Referring to the text, a little leaven permeates the whole, so a few men bring many others to God and in time will bring the world to him. It will be the personal work of several men and not that of an organization that will accomplish this.

As an illustration, he said that there are several people in Denver at the present time who think if they have enough money, they can bring the entire city and county of Denver to God. However, there are others there, he said, who have insight enough to see that it will be the work of only a few men to make this idea a reality.

The song service led by J. C. Schneider, and the two solo's of Mrs. W. N. Northcott were features of the meeting.

Next Sunday the Rev. A. F. Ragatz, the artist-preacher of Denver, will deliver the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Ragatz delivers an illustrated sermon, drawing sketches to illustrate his points as he tells them.

ALLEGED FORGER ARRESTED

Jesse Hildebrand Brought Here From Denver on a Charge of Passing Several Worthless Checks

Jesse Hildebrand was brought here from Denver yesterday morning and lodged in the county jail, to answer a charge of forgery. A. W. Clark, jeweler, of Colorado City, is one of the complaining witnesses. Sheriff Birdsall has received information that Hildebrand passed several worthless checks in Colorado Springs and Colorado City for sums ranging from \$10 to \$25.

Woman Past Help

Chandler, Okla.—In a letter from this place, Mrs. Ella Flowers says: "I hardly know how to thank you for the good that Cardui has done me. Before I tried Cardui, I thought I was past help, but after taking it, I was relieved at once and gained at least 10 pounds. Everybody says I look so much better. I am still improving greatly." Many women are completely worn-out and discouraged, on account of womanly weakness. Are you? Have you not tried Cardui? It only needs a few doses to convince you that Cardui is just what you need. Try it today. It will cure your pains.

RIZES for patients. Patients received through the office of the Patent Office. No fees or expenses needed and possible buyers. "Hints on Inventors." "Why some inventors fail." Book on inventors. Send me rough sketch or model for research. I will do my best to help you. I am a registered agent in 50 cities and towns. Mr. Greeley, Acting Commissioner of Patents had full charge. S. Patent Office. GREENLEY & MCINTIRE, Attorneys. Washington, D. C.

WANT AD IN THE GAZETTE
IS WHAT BRINGS
RESULTS
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

GEN. AND MRS. SHERMAN RETURN TO THIS CITY

General and Mrs. Linus E. Sherman arrived in this city early yesterday morning from an extended trip through the eastern part of the United States and Canada. General Sherman became seriously ill while visiting his old home about 60 miles east of Montreal, Canada, and was in bed in a critical condition for several months, lying unconscious for six weeks. He said last night that with the exception of feeling tired and worn-out from his long journey west, he is feeling very well.

He and Mrs. Sherman left Colorado Springs May 8, going to Schenectady, N. Y., where they visited the Gen-

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DEAN PARSONS TALKS ON "AN OPEN PATH TO GOD"

Speaker During Colorado College Vesper Service—Prof. B. W. Bacon of Yale Next Sunday

Dean Edward S. Parsons of the department of arts and sciences at Colorado college, delivered a sermon on "An Open Path to God" at the Colorado college vespers services at Perkins hall yesterday afternoon.

As an introduction he told of his visit to the Yerkes observatory at Lake Geneva during the summer, speaking of the greatness of the universe and enlarging the conception of God's power to all who made it a visit. This brought up the question of how can one know such a God? He said that the only way was through a kind, courteous prayer, a study of Christ and sympathize with the human needs and have the desire to administer to them.

Mr. Parsons took up three things that might help the poor and needy. First, the kinship between the poor and ourselves; second, that their poverty and wretchedness are not altogether their fault, but rather the fault of society; third, environment has to do largely with this class of people and causes much of its misery.

In conclusion, he showed that the interest being taken by the people of this generation prove a revival of religion in progress. Having for his audience mostly young people, he showed them the great opportunities before them and pointed out the open path for them to follow.

The chapel was almost filled. Next Sunday Prof. B. W. Bacon of Yale university will deliver the sermon.

ALBERTA, CANADA, EXHIBIT ON WAY

At Dry Farming congress headquarters they are daily expecting to hear of the arrival of the Alberta, Can., exhibit. The Saskatchewan car has already arrived. The following from the Lethbridge Herald of last Monday indicates that the Alberta exhibit is now on the way.

Secretary Manwaring of the board of trade has succeeded in gathering together the board exhibit for Colorado Springs, which will be one of the finest ever sent from Alberta. A car with the exhibit is being loaded today, and will be shipped immediately, so that it will arrive in plenty of time for the congress. A Perrey of Carlton is also shipping his individual exhibit in the same car, and it is likely that H. Macbeth, agent of the Great Northern here, will go to Coats to clear the customs there so that the car may go through without delay.

Mr. Manwaring and the members of the board of trade are very grateful to the people of the Arvada district for the kindly aid they have given in gathering the exhibit. The secretary was out to Coats yesterday on Saturday, and says that the people of that district did everything for the board to supply the board with the best exhibits the district affords.

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REV. T. S. ROBIJNT GIVES FIRST SERMON IN CITY

The Rev. Thomas S. Robijnt, formerly of Washington Heights, New York city, preached his first sermon yesterday morning at All Souls' Unitarian church, this city, of which he has taken the pastorate. In his remarks he indicated the line of

work he has mapped out for himself and the church. He said in part:

"I am come to Colorado Springs accidentally thrown into your midst from out the seething city of New York—by chance, I suppose. I come to preach liberal religion as I understand it. I realize that all the churches are preaching it—liberalism is in the air. There are some who do not hesitate to say that for this very reason there is little or no need of a distinctive liberal church in the community, but as has been said, there must ever be a difference between the partisan or belief and the one whose soul is set on reality. I come to Colorado Springs to preach liberal religion—free from ambiguity and with no thought of apologizing for the larger gospel."

"I want to stand in the city for the simplification of religion. Religion to me means one thing—love. Wherever there is a man who is living cleanly and purely, there you have a religious man, and the man who is his best self is most religious, without reference to church or creed. The doors of this church are wide open for men of clean life, and no question will ever be asked by me as to a man's belief if his life is in the right.

"If I can add in the smallest way to the soul's struggle toward the right, or bring a ray of sunshine to any in the shadow of sorrow, or strike a single blow for the good of the community, I shall rejoice that God brought me to your beautiful city and the society's fellowship."

Official Representative From Uruguay Coming

Complexions Flaked Off At Home

(From Pilgrim Magazine.)

The girl with the poor complexion complains, "I have to touch up my checks. I am sallow and a sight, and only my makeup saves me."

Now, as a matter of fact, more women spoil their good looks than improve them with cosmetics. The practice certainly is unnecessary, now that the virtues of ordinary mercerized wax, as a beautifier, have become known. It has been found that the mercerized wax has wonderful absorptive powers. It causes the faded or discolored scarf skin to flake off in minute, almost imperceptible particles, so gently, gradually, as to cause no inconvenience at all. In this way the old complexion is actually removed like wise all fine lines, pimples, blotches, mouth patches and other surface defects.

A new complexion appears—in clear, smooth, youthful, healthy-hued skin such as no paint, powder or lotion can produce. Mercerized wax, to be had at any drug store, is applied like cold cream.

Evangelistic Services at St. Paul's M. E. Church

Dr. Nathan Hugh Lee of Denver, Colorado, evangelist and singer for the Methodist conference, opened two weeks of evangelistic work at St. Paul's Methodist church yesterday morning. Large crowds attended all the services yesterday, and the men seemed to take great interest in the meetings.

The afternoon meeting next Friday was voted a day of fasting and prayer.

'TRY THIS OVERNIGHT CURE FOR COLD IN HEAD OR CHEST'

It Is Curing Thousands Daily, and Saves Time and Money.

Get a bowl three-quarters full of boiling water, and a towel.

Pour into the water a scant tea-spoonful of HYOMEI (pronounced High-a-me).

Put your head over the bowl and cover head and bowl with towel.

Breathe the vapor that arises for a few minutes, and presto! your head is as clear as a bell, and the tightness in the chest is gone.

It's a pleasant cure. You'll enjoy breathing HYOMEI. You'll feel at once its soothing, healing and beneficial effects as it passes over the inflamed and irritated membrane. 50 cents a bottle, at druggists everywhere. Ask for extra bottle HYOMEI Inhalant.

Have you noticed the growing importance in daily life of "Day Letters" and "Night Letters"?

They were an expedient yesterday. They are a prime necessity today.

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and experience that genial satisfaction which comes with the knowledge that your bins are filled with CURTIS LUMP. \$3.25 per ton for cash orders, \$3.50 per ton for book orders.

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Coffee
Mill**

COCOA IS A FOOD
Freshly Roasted Coffee Mill

The MONDAY PAGE

A PAGE OF LIVE BUSINESS CONCERNS AT YOUR SERVICE

GOOD LUCK

is, for the most part, hard work intelligently applied. Genius has been defined as "the power to toil terribly." It is a fortunate thing for any person to start a savings account, and still more fortunate if he is persistent in the accumulation of a good sum for interest earning. THE ASSURANCE SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION pays 4 per cent interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings accounts. Open an account and start on the road to fortune.

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You Want a Good
TRUNK, BAG OR SUIT CASERepairing our specialty. Prices the lowest.
Work guaranteed.CARRICK HARNESS &
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Cement building blocks, the kind that wears and improves with age. Fully guaranteed. (The only steam cured blocks in the west.)

Ornamental cement work of every kind.

Estimates cheerfully furnished.

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Complete stock of building material of best grades, and all under cover—not exposed to the weather.

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At The Theater

DENVER FAVERS

"THE BARRIER"

The Denver Republican says the following of Rex Beach's splendid drama of the north, "The Barrier," which will be seen at the opera house tonight only:

"Rex Beach belongs to the red blood brigade of authors, and with Jack London leads the brigade. He is fond of that term 'red blood.' Find a Beachian hero that isn't a handsome, broad-shouldered, big and red-blooded specimen of masculinity! They eat well, they fight well and love well, do these heroes of Mr. Beach's creation, and their red blood flings all the while."

Captain Burrell, U. S. A., hero of "The Barrier," mixes blue blood with his red blood. At first it looks as though the combination is going to be a failure, but it turns out fine in the end. All the characters in "The Barrier" have red blood. The villain is given opportunity to prove it. In the last act he is allowed to spurt blood of the reddest hue, a privilege given to no one in the play except to the man who fatally shoots him and in return gets a bullet wound in the wrist. The audience has scarcely a chance to see the blood on his wrist before a



MISS ELEANOR HABER,

Who Will Be Seen in the Role of Nelia in Rex Beach's "The Barrier," at the Opera House Tonight.

HENRY MILLER IN
"THE HAVOC"

J. Lawrence Toole, the dramatic critic of the San Francisco Examiner, discussing Henry Miller's triumph in H. S. Sheldon's remarkable play, "The Havoc," says:

"To be theatrical chaperonized is to be ridiculous. Sometimes, though, it is

Brown and Cooper, two of Manhattan's most popular song writers, are next, with a clever jambourine of character songs and piano forte novelties, which are all to the good and very popular.

Robinson and Farrow, in grotesque bounding harrel act, full of comedy, are the next attraction, and the bill closes with a motion picture comic, "The Stolen Policeman."

This list, with the orchestra program, makes up a most enjoyable bill, noteworthy for novelty. Performances at 2:30, 7:30 and 9:10. Admission, only 10, 20 and 30 cents.

LORCH RETURNS TOMORROW

In his "farewell" speech at the Opera house Friday night, Mr. Lorch spoke of the famous Bernhardt, Fatti and Buffalo Bill, the add variety to the selection, farewells. Not to be outdone by his great contemporaries, Mr. Lorch has decided to make one more "positively last" visit at the Opera house. So commencing tomorrow night and continuing through Friday night, Mr. Lorch and his entire company will present for the first time in this city at popular prices a dramatization of Charles Dickens' famous novel, "Oliver Twist," which Nance O'Neill, Belasco's great star, played with great success a few years ago and in which many noted stars have appeared.

MUSIC AND COMEDY

STARS AT MAJESTIC

It is a mirthful bill that the Majestic offers this week, with lots of music and a general atmosphere of jollity that is infectious. Some of the best-known of Broadway stars in musical and comedy lines are on the list of features, and the whole show has a distinctively metropolitan flavor. The hearty approval of Saturday's large audiences may be taken as a true criterion of its entertainment quality.

The Majesticope opens the bill with "The Rose and the Dagger," a new, exclusive Rex film of surpassing interest. The reproduction of a terrible storm with vivid lightning flashes, is a unique feature of a most exciting photoplay.

Adeline Francis, the graphophone girl, is next with a most unique musical novelty in which she sings and talks with a graphophone which she calls "Sister," and which reproduces

Ex. Dividend

MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE STOCK

The books of the company closed September 30 for the payment of the first dividend. We offer the stock at \$104.00 per share and will bid \$103.50.

NEWBOLD, TAYLOR & GAUSS

Bonds and Investments.

Room 506A Mining Exchange Bldg. Telephone 124

Telephone 124

506A Mining Exchange Bldg.

Wants**Wants****Wants****Wants****Wants****Wants****WANTED Male Help***Business College*

We teach the course that you want. Sessions are secured for graduates. Enroll with us.

199 N. Tejon. Phone 1160.

MRS. HENDERSON'S Employment Office furnishes experienced help, maids, governesses, stenographers and clerks; also house men; other desirable help supplied.

122 E. Kiowa, phone Main 2186.

WANTED—Gentleman or lady, travel, \$25 week and expenses; \$20 deposit required.

Orionette hotel, Room 15, opposite Antlers.

QUALIFY yourself for civil service examinations through the International Correspondence Schools, 21 Independence Building.

WANT labor or painting in exchange for rent of furnished three-room bungalow. 106 Cheyenne road.

SCIENTIFIC boxing and physical culture; lesson free; results guaranteed. Moyer's El Paso Building.

TWO or three boys to carry paper routes. Apply Gazette mailing room, Room 8 A.M.

WANTED—Laborers to rent furnished cabins. \$1 a week; beds, 10¢ a night.

23 W. Cimarron St.

SUITS made to order from \$20 to \$40.

1282 N. Nevada. H. A. McLean, tailor.

WANTED—Common labor in exchange for merchandise. 216 N. Tejon.

SAFETY blades sharpened. Pikes Peak Pharmacy and Fidler's cigar store.

TRAVEL see the country; salary and expenses; be independent. Address K-13 Gazette.

WANTED—Young man.

At Muehl's.

WANTED—Bell boys at Alta Vista hotel.

WANTED Female Help

KEISTER'S LADIES' TAILORING COLLEGE—A school of scientific dressmaking, dressmaking and ladies' tailoring; special course for ladies who desire to make their own gowns. 322 E. Kiowa St.

TRAVELING position now open, ladies or gentlemen; must give good references. \$80 to \$100 a month and expenses. K-10 Gazette.

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BOARD AND ROOMS

TWO connecting front rooms, first floor; one room, second floor; board, if desired; private home. 427 E. Platte.

Phone Red 427.

MODERN rooms with sleeping porches, housekeeping, north. 317 E. San Ra-fael.

THE MARLOW, 28 W. Bijou, rooms and excellent table board, reasonable rates.

PLEASANT rooms, home cooking, a specialty, reasonable rates. 321 E. Bijou.

ONE large room with board, at 222 E. Dale. Phone Red 84.

WANTED Situations

GERMAN lady, speaks French and English, wants position as governess or maid in first-class family; very good serving experience; in travel best of reference. Miss I. Ulmer, Box 81, Montclair, Colo.

GERMAN, junior, able; everything house, furnace, garden, paint and tool works; wants steady position, going half day or quarter of a day. Ad-dress J-153 Gazette.

COAL-MINING draughtsman, desires situation at own trade or other office work in or around Colorado Springs. First-class references. Address K-16 Gazette.

WANTED—By a refined young woman position as companion, nurse or housekeeper; best of references. 720 S. Tejon.

DAY and bundle work, reasonable prices; satisfaction guaranteed. Rear 224 S. Wahsatch Ave.

FIRST-CLASS laundress, Norwegian, wishes position; private family preferred. Call Main 246.

POSITION by young lady, stenographer and bookkeeper or clerk. J-145 Gazette.

COLORED boy wants position in private family; best of references. Phone 2539.

PRACTICAL nurse, best of references. 1515 Washington avenue.

EXPERIENCED waitress wants work day or hour. 3 N. Spruce, forenoon.

WANTED To Rent Rooms

HOUSEKEEPING apartments, close in, to responsible parties. Address J-27 Gazette.

FOR RENT OFFICES

Office space with lights, etc., ground floor. Hastings-Allen Co.,

10 N. Tejon.

FOR RENT ROOMS Furnished

ROOMS that are sanitary and will please you. 3-room cottage, comfortable for winter; no children or sick. 311 N. Cascade.

VERY pleasant room, stove for heating water, two windows, bath adjoining, closet, phone; close in, well heated. \$10 month. 132 N. Weber.

MRS. HENDERSON'S Employment Office furnishes experienced help, maids, governesses, stenographers and clerks; also house men; other desirable help supplied.

122 E. Kiowa, phone Main 2186.

PERMANENT gentleman roomers; extra low rates; also 3-room furnished cottage, modern; on line; walking distance. Inquire 14 West Elm place.

FURNISHED rooms with light house-keeping privileges; also room with sleeping porch. 525 N. Weber.

FURNISHED house-keeping rooms, well furnished; gas range, close in; heat and light, furnished; \$10 month. 23 N. Prospect. Phone 2226.

FURNISHED rooms with light house-keeping privileges; also room with sleeping porch. 525 N. Weber.

FURNISHED house-keeping rooms, well furnished; gas range, close in. 122 N. Wahsatch.

MODERN house-keeping rooms, well furnished; very cheap; car line. 202 Colorado Ave.

LARGE front house-keeping rooms, modern; sleeping porch; 3 S. Wahsatch. "Arletta."

NICELY furnished rooms; winter rates; close in. 315 S. Nevada. Phone 1061.

TWO light house-keeping rooms; bath, gas, lights; close in. 315 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

WINTER rates are now on at the Westover. Phone 746. Miss Bissell.

SAFETY blades sharpened. Pikes Peak Pharmacy and Fidler's cigar store.

TRAVEL see the country; salary and expenses; be independent. Address K-13 Gazette.

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GRADUATE OSTEOPATH

MRS. KLEIN & COUSON, graduates Still's college, Kirkville, Ala., 601-3 Ex. Nat. Bank Bldg. General practice.

Specialty stomach and female troubles; rheumatism, constipation, goiters, nervous diseases. Eleven years' practice. Office and res. phones. Hours, 8:12 A.M.-7:30 P.M. We show individuality and originality of method in the treatment of our cases. All treatments are specific, thus insuring a maximum of results in the shortest time.

DR. G. W. PAULY and Lona E. Pauly, graduates Still's college, Kirkville, Ala. 601-3 Ex. Nat. Bank Bldg. General practice.

2 WELL-FURNISHED housekeeping rooms with new south sleeping porch, on car line. 803 East Kiowa.

NICELY furnished rooms; hot water, heat, also room with private bath. 313 N. Nevada.

SMALL cozy flat and single rooms, heat, gas ranges, hot water and sleeping porches. 328 E. Tampa.

HOMES—Attractive rates, one suite, company desired. 1122 N. Weber. Phone Main 1408.

ONE 3-room and one 4-room flat, completely furnished; all modern conveniences. 219 E. Montague.

TWO rooms for light housekeeping, close in. K-18 Gazette.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, 311 E. Williamette.

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FOR RENT—Light housekeeping, 2 or 3 rooms in modern home. 314 E. Murchison.

THREE modern housekeeping rooms, suitable for winter. 318 E. Platte.

DR. GENIE SUMMERS, 6 E. Pikes Peak Bldg. Phone Red 351. General practice nervous and chronic diseases of women; expert spinal curvatures.

E. L. MUMMA, M. D. D. O., 608-609-610 Exchange National Bank Building. Phones: Office, 1974; residence, 1822.

DR. CONWAY, Still's graduate post-graduate work under specialists. Phone or call 6 E. Pikes Peak Bldg.

LIGHT housekeeping rooms, single or en suite. 633 E. Boulder.

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping. 419 N. Nevada.

MODERN housekeeping rooms; gas range, sink; close in. 327 E. Bijou.

WANTED rooms, home cooking, a specialty, reasonable rates. 321 E. Bijou.

ONE large room with board, at 222 E. Dale. Phone Red 84.

CHIROPRACTIC

WE REMOVE the cause of disease by removing nerve pressure. Your nerves must be free from pressure or you cannot be well. Chronic diseases you can't cure.

EXAMINATIONS. Free. Contriv Bros. 214 East Pikes Peak Ave., ground floor.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—Best located rooming house in Colorado Springs; twenty-eight rooms, all on one floor; cleared \$3,000 per year. Price, \$3,500 cash.

Reasons for selling, particularly by addressing Owner, P. O. Box 1229, City.

DESIRED furnished rooms, winter rates. Plaza hotel.

ROOMS, winter rates; housekeeping if desired. 324 N. Nevada.

LIGHT housekeeping rooms, single or en suite. 633 E. Boulder.

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DRESSMAKING

WAISTS, 75c up; skirts, \$1.50 up; children's clothes and other garments in accordance. Phone 1061. 315 S. Nevada.

DRESSMAKING by the day. Work guaranteed. 214 E. Costilla.

AN experienced dressmaker would like engagements by day. K-24, Gazette.

SEWING MACHINES

SEWING machines for rent by week or month; machines, \$6.00 and up; 100 to select from; all makes; easy terms. The Next Music Co., 19 N. Tejon St.

FOR RENT OFFICES

Office space with lights, etc., ground floor. Hastings-Allen Co.,

10 N. Tejon.

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FOR RENT OFFICES

Office space with lights, etc., ground floor. Hastings-Allen Co.,

10 N. Tejon.

WANTED Real Estate

WANTED—Best and cheapest lot for cost. North. K-12 Gazette.

FOR RENT HOUSES Unfurnished

At The Theater

DENVER FAVORS

"THE BARRIER"

The Denver Republican says the following of Rex Beach's splendid drama of the north, "The Barrier," which will be seen at the Opera house tonight only.

Rex Beach belongs to the red blood brigade of authors, and with Jack London leads the brigade. He is fond of that term red blood. Find a Beachian hero that isn't a handsome broad-shouldered, big and red blooded specimen of masculinity! They eat well, they fight well and love well, do these heroes of Mr. Beach's creation and their red blood thrills all the while.

"Captain Burrell U.S.A." hero of "The Barrier" mixes blue blood with his red blood. At first it looks as though the combination is going to be a failure, but it turns out fine in the end. All the characters in "The Barrier" have red blood. The villain is given opportunity to prove it. In the last act he is allowed to spurt blood of the reddest hue, a privilege given to no one in the play except to the man who fatally shoots him and in return gets a bullet wound in the wrist. The audience has scarcely a chance to see the blood on his wrist before a



MISS ELEANOR HABER,

Who Will Be Seen in the Role of Neela in Rex Beach's "The Barrier," at the Opera House Tonight.

HENRY MILLER IN

"THE HAVOC"

J. Lawrence Tool, the dramatic critic of the San Francisco Examiner, discussing Henry Miller's triumph in H. S. Sheldon's remarkable play "The Havoc," says:

"To be a theatrical chansonnier is to be ridiculous. Sometimes it is

well-dined and well-decorated audience that filled the Columbia till it bulged. He gave that audience moments of breathlessness and suspense such as it had not experienced inside or outside the theater in many theatrical moons. To begin with he gave it an exhibition of his own incomparable acting. The acting of Henry Miller ever was, is, and I haven't the least doubt ever will be, a sheer and unalloyed delight. And in nothing that he has been seen in recent years is the art of more compelling and delightful than in "The Havoc."

Henry Miller will be seen in "The Havoc" at the Opera house on Saturday night only. Mr. Miller will have the support of the original New York cast in the Sheldon drama. The identical players who appeared with him during the long run of the play at the Bijou theater in New York will come here.

LORECH RETURNS TOMORROW

In his "farewell" speech at the Opera house Friday night Mr. Lorech spoke of the famous Bernhardt, Patti and Enrico Caruso (to add variety to the selection), farewells. Not to be outdone by his great contemporaries, Mr. Lorech has decided to make one more positively last week at the Opera house. So commencing tomorrow night and continuing through Friday night, Mr. Lorech and his entire company will present for the first time in this city at popular prices a dramatization of Charles Dickens' famous novel, "Oliver Twist," which Nance O'Neill, Belasco's great star, played with great success a few years ago and in which many noted stars have appeared.

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Adeline Francis, the graphophone girl is next, with a most unique musical novelty in which she sings and talks with a graphophone which she calls "Sister," and which reproduces

HENRY MILLER,
One of the Leading American Actors
Who Will Present H. S. Sheldon's
"The Havoc," at the Opera House
Saturday Night

hard to be otherwise. When confronted with the diabolically clever Mr. Henry Miller in a desperately insidious play like "The Havoc," it is especially difficult. Mr. Miller presented "The Havoc" last night to a

MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE STOCK
The books of the company closed September 30
for the payment of the first dividend.
We offer the stock at \$100 per share and will bid \$103.50.
NEWBOLD, TAYLOR & GAUSS,
Bonds and Investments.

F. X. Iividend

Tel-A-Phone 1124

Mining Exchange Building

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

ONE CHURCH ONLY. ARE OTHERS FALSE?

"Church of the Firstborns"—Pastor Russell Points Out the True Church and Asks Respecting Others—The Bible Testimony on the Subject Christians of All Creeds Assent.

BROOKLYN, N.Y., Oct. 1.—Pastor Russell's discourse at the Brooklyn Academy of Music today was heard by a crowded house. He had closest attention to his discussion of the question "Which Is the True Church?" The vast audience appeared satisfied that the true church had been located properly. The audience so far as could be ascertained was composed of truth-hungry people of all denominations. Undoubtedly the question discussed has been a vital one for centuries. Some claim that never before had an answer been given satisfactory to Christians of all denominations. His text was "The Church of the Firstborns, whose names are written in heaven"—Heb. xii. 23.

Numerous scriptures were cited in proof of the speaker's contention that the Lord Jesus and the apostles never organized any but the one church, and the histories of the various denominations were referred to as proving that nearly all present-day Christian denominations were nonexistent 1,000 years ago, and hence none of these denominations could have been the one referred to by the apostle as the "church of the Living God."

For a time, said the speaker each of the various denominations in turn protested against other teachings and claimed to be the one church of Christ which had been for centuries lost sight of. At one time these various denominations fought each other persecuted each other even unto death, each claiming that the other was a false church, and that itself was the true one. More recently, however, the Christian mind has broadened and deepened until now we clearly see that God has saints in practically every denomination.

Find me today the Presbyterian or Methodist who would denounce a Baptist brother and his teaching as being of the devil, or find me today the Baptist brother who would declare that fellow Christians of other creeds are surely bound for eternal torture because not buried in water baptism find me today the Protestant who claims that all Catholics are children of Gehenna or the Catholic who makes such a claim against saintly Protestants! If there be such narrow bigots today they for shame hide their identity much to the relief of their neighbors.

The One Catholic Church

Pastor Russell freely admitted that the Roman Catholic church could prove her existence long centuries before her sister and daughter organizations, but he disputed nevertheless that the church of Rome could prove her identity with the apostolic church of the First century. On the contrary, many of the teachings of the church of Rome differ radically from those of the church of Jerusalem, represented by the apostles and their new testament writings. And as for the ceremonial usages, customs, etc., no one at all familiar with the two could suppose them to have even a close relationship. Nevertheless, as already stated, we must look for the true church of Christ somewhere. And we do find in the Catholic church some good saintly characters which mark them as members of the true church. Indeed, we find some such in the denominations professing Christ.

The only conclusion we reach consistent with the above facts is this. That the original church which Jesus and his apostles founded was a catholic one—that is to say a general or universal church and not a church of Rome, a church of England, a church of Sweden, a church of Germany, nor a Greek church, but a universal church—a catholic or general church. Protestants in general recognize this, and hence in their confessions generally claim to be "The Holy Catholic (universal) church."

The fact, however, is that none of these churches (Roman, English, Baptist, Presbyterian, etc.) are catholic or general because none of them includes all of God's people. To admit that any one of these religious bodies is the catholic or general church of Christ would be to admit that it includes all persons recognized by the Lord as being members of his church. We cannot therefore admit that the term catholic belongs to any one of these denominations—not even the Roman Catholic. The catholic church of Christ—the one which includes all who are truly his—is not a human organization, and its role or rostra is not kept on earth. To it alone apply the apostle's words: "The church of the Firstborns, whose names are written in heaven."

"Household of Faith."

This family of God, begotten of the Holy Spirit, are one with him in spirit, in purpose and intention. They have the "faith once delivered unto the saints"—faith in the Father, faith in the Lord Jesus as his son, man's redeemer, faith in the Holy Spirit of regenerating, faith in the exceeding great and precious promises of glorious things to come, and they have the one baptism into the body of Christ, which is the church. Some of them may have seen and may have obeyed the proper symbol of this one baptism while others may not. But all these recognize the true baptism and all participated therein—baptism into Christ's death—Romans vi. 3.

My friends said the speaker cannot we all agree that there is but one general or catholic church of Christ—that it is not an earthly organization bound by creeds and confessions—that it is a heavenly organization effected through consecration to the Lord and divine acceptance through the Holy Spirit—that the human institutions called churches were well-intentioned, but were the results of confusion, darkness, error—that these denominational systems called churches, however well-meant, are not any of them, the church—that the members of the church are scattered in all denominations and that the Lord alone knows those who are his, and that he will ultimately separate them as wheat from tares in the harvest of this age, preparatory to their resurrection "change" and "inauguration as the heavenly kingdom of Messiah, ordained for the world to come."

AN IMPORTANT DIFFICULTY
From the Washington Star.
"What is the hardest thing to learn about farming?" inquired the summer boarder.
"Getting up at 5 o'clock in the morning," replied Farmer Cottrell.



FIRST PHOTO OF POPE TAKEN SINCE ILLNESS

This photograph shows his holiness in the act of taking the first carriage ride of his convalescence. To the left of the holy father are some high dignitaries of the church. Peculiar interest attaches to this photograph because of it and some others that were taken at the same time he said.

Give them as large a circulation as possible, thus showing my complete re-

covery.

eral during the 1,000 years of Messiah's glorious reign of righteousness. If we go to let us strive to attain membership in the true church. The steps are:

(1) Faith
(2) Obedience to the invitation of self sacrifice

(3) The carrying out of that sacrifice day by day faithfully unto death

(4) A share in the resurrection "change" to glory honor and immortality

sitting in the nursery, with very red eyes.

"Why my poor old man, he inquired, "what is the matter?"

"Nothing snuffed the small boy."

But something must be wrong, persisted daddy. "Do tell me."

"Oh well if you want to know," said the little boy, "I have just been having an awful row with your wife."

A novelty in shoes introduced in Germany has partitions to separate the wearer's toes. The interior of these shoes terminates in soft pads pressing against the foot so that the thrust in walking is taken at the base of the toes instead of the point. Jamming of the toes is thus prevented. It is claimed that the deforming of the foot is so common will be avoided by this arrangement and that walking will be made more comfortable.

A DISTANT RELATIVE

From Tit Bits

Johnny's mother bought him a fine engine. He wanted to see how it worked and of course in a very short time the wheels were off. She was naturally very angry with him and punished him severely. When daddy came home he found his small son

slipping in the nursery, with very red eyes.

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Railroad Time Tables

DENVER & RIO GRANDE

Effective June 15, 1911
City Ticket Office, 125 E. Pikes Peak

Phone Main 15-16, 15-16-17, 15-18, 15-19, 15-20, 15-21, 15-22, 15-23, 15-24, 15-25, 15-26, 15-27, 15-28, 15-29, 15-30, 15-31, 15-32, 15-33, 15-34, 15-35, 15-36, 15-37, 15-38, 15-39, 15-40, 15-41, 15-42, 15-43, 15-44, 15-45, 15-46, 15-47, 15-48, 15-49, 15-50, 15-51, 15-52, 15-53, 15-54, 15-55, 15-56, 15-57, 15-58, 15-59, 15-60, 15-61, 15-62, 15-63, 15-64, 15-65, 15-66, 15-67, 15-68, 15-69, 15-70, 15-71, 15-72, 15-73, 15-74, 15-75, 15-76, 15-77, 15-78, 15-79, 15-80, 15-81, 15-82, 15-83, 15-84, 15-85, 15-86, 15-87, 15-88, 15-89, 15-90, 15-91, 15-92, 15-93, 15-94, 15-95, 15-96, 15-97, 15-98, 15-99, 15-100, 15-101, 15-102, 15-103, 15-104, 15-105, 15-106, 15-107, 15-108, 15-109, 15-110, 15-111, 15-112, 15-113, 15-114, 15-115, 15-116, 15-117, 15-118, 15-119, 15-120, 15-121, 15-122, 15-123, 15-124, 15-125, 15-126, 15-127, 15-128, 15-129, 15-130, 15-131, 15-132, 15-133, 15-134, 15-135, 15-136, 15-137, 15-138, 15-139, 15-140, 15-141, 15-142, 15-143, 15-144, 15-145, 15-146, 15-147, 15-148, 15-149, 15-150, 15-151, 15-152, 15-153, 15-154, 15-155, 15-156, 15-157, 15-158, 15-159, 15-160, 15-161, 15-162, 15-163, 15-164, 15-165, 15-166, 15-167, 15-168, 15-169, 15-170, 15-171, 15-172, 15-173, 15-174, 15-175, 15-176, 15-177, 15-178, 15-179, 15-180, 15-181, 15-182, 15-183, 15-184, 15-185, 15-186, 15-187, 15-188, 15-189, 15-190, 15-191, 15-192, 15-193, 15-194, 15-195, 15-196, 15-197, 15-198, 15-199, 15-200, 15-201, 15-202, 15-203, 15-204, 15-205, 15-206, 15-207, 15-208, 15-209, 15-210, 15-211, 15-212, 15-213, 15-214, 15-215, 15-216, 15-217, 15-218, 15-219, 15-220, 15-221, 15-222, 15-223, 15-224, 15-225, 15-226, 15-227, 15-228, 15-229, 15-230, 15-231, 15-232, 15-233, 15-234, 15-235, 15-236, 15-237, 15-238, 15-239, 15-240, 15-241, 15-242, 15-243, 15-244, 15-245, 15-246, 15-247, 15-248, 15-249, 15-250, 15-251, 15-252, 15-253, 15-254, 15-255, 15-256, 15-257, 15-258, 15-259, 15-260, 15-261, 15-262, 15-263, 15-264, 15-265, 15-266, 15-267, 15-268, 15-269, 15-270, 15-271, 15-272, 15-273, 15-274, 15-275, 15-276, 15-277, 15-278, 15-279, 15-280, 15-281, 15-282, 15-283, 15-284, 15-285, 15-286, 15-287, 15-288, 15-289, 15-290, 15-291, 15-292, 15-293, 15-294, 15-295, 15-296, 15-297, 15-298, 15-299, 15-300, 15-301, 15-302, 15-303, 15-304, 15-305, 15-306, 15-307, 15-308, 15-309, 15-310, 15-311, 15-312, 15-313, 15-314, 15-315, 15-316, 15-317, 15-318, 15-319, 15-320, 15-321, 15-322, 15-323, 15-324,

Wants**Wants****Wants****Wants****Wants****Wants****Wants****WANTED Male Help***Business College*

We teach the course that you want. Beginning classes in all departments. Positions are secured for graduates. Enroll with us.

109 N. Tejon. Phone 1160

MRS. HENDERSON'S Employment Office furnishes experienced help, seamstresses, stenographers and clerks, also house men, other desirable male help supplied. 122 E. KIowa, phone 2316.

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WANTED—Bell boys at Alta Vista hotel.

WANTED Female Help

KEISTER'S LADIES' TAILORING COLLEGE—A school of scientific dresscutting, dressmaking and ladies' tailoring; special course for ladies who desire to make their own gowns. 832 E. KIowa St.

TRAVELING position now open, ladies or gentlemen, must give good references. \$30 to \$100 a month and expenses. K-10 Gazette.

MRS. HENDERSON employment office, 122 E. KIowa. Phone 2316. All kinds of domestic help furnished.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—45 First National Bank Bldg. Mrs. Rhind. Phone Main 1405.

PARLOR Millinery, 423 E. Bijou. Working over hats and material a specialty.

SPECIAL SALE—Our entire line of \$5 and \$6 trimmed hats. \$3.50 this week. Mariposa Millinery, Colorado City.

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. 1712 N. Tejon St.

GOOD, competent cook. 1421 N. Cascade Ave.

WANTED—Woman cook at the Lawton House, 329 E. KIowa St.

LADIES' coats remodeled. McLean, tailor. 1252 N. Nevada. Phone 1156.

LADIES' used clothing bought and sold at 32 N. Weber street. Phone 894.

BOARD AND ROOMS

TWO connecting front rooms, first floor; one room, second floor; board, if desired; private home. 427 E. Platte.

MODERN rooms with sleeping porches, housekeeping, north. 337 E. San Ra-fael.

THE MARLOW, 28 W. Bijou, rooms and excellent table board, reasonable rates.

PLEASANT rooms, home cooking a specialty; reasonable rates. 321 E. Bijou.

ONE large room with board, at 222 E. Dale. Phone Red 84.

WANTED Situations

GERMAN lady speaks French and English, wants position as governess or maid in first-class family; very good sewing experience, in travel best of reference. Miss I. Ciner, Box 81, Montclair, Colo.

GERMAN janitor, able; everything, house, furnace, garden, paint and tool works, wants steady position, going half day or quarter of a day. Address J-133 Gazette.

COAL-MINING draughtsman desires situation at own trade or other office work in or around Colorado Springs; first-class references. Address K-16 Gazette.

WANTED—By a refined young woman position as companion, nurse or housekeeper; best of references. 720 S. Tejon.

DAY and bundle work, reasonable prices, satisfaction guaranteed. Rear 224 S. Wahsatch Ave.

FIRST-CLASS laundress. Norwegian, wishes position, private family preferred. Call Main 246.

POSITION by young lady, stenographer and bookkeeper or clerk. J-145, Gazette.

COLORED boy wants position in private family, best of references. Phone 2398.

PRACTICAL nurse, best of references. 1515 Washington Avenue.

EXPERIENCED waitress wants work by day or hour. 3 N. Spruce, forenoon.

WANTED To Rent Rooms

HOUSEKEEPING apartments, close in, to responsible parties. Address J-37, Gazette.

FOR RENT OFFICES

OFFICE space with lights, etc., ground floor. Hastings-Alten Co., 110 N. Tejon.

FOR RENT ROOMS Furnished

ROOMS that are sanitary and will please you. 3-room cottage, comfortable for winter; no children or sick. 161 N. Cascade.

VERY pleasant room, stove for boiling water, two windows, bath adjoining, closet, phone, close in, well heated. \$10 month. 132 N. Weber.

Two rooms for light housekeeping; gas range, porch; location unexcited, also one room, separate, no invalids. 720 N. Tejon St.

SMALL apartment for housekeeping, nicely furnished, gas, close in, heat and light furnished; \$10 month. 23 N. Prospect. Phone 2225.

PERMANENT gentleman roomers, extra low rate after 5-room furnished cottage, modern, on car line; walking distance. Inquire 45 West View place.

FURNISHED rooms with light housekeeping privileges, also room with sleeping porch. 625 N. Weber.

MODERN housekeeping rooms, well furnished, very cheap, car line. 202 Colorado Ave.

MONERN housekeeping rooms, well furnished, modern, gas range, good neighborhood. Call 1518 S. Tejon.

LARGE front housekeeping rooms, modern, sleeping porch 3 S. Wahsatch.

NICELY furnished rooms; winter rates, close in. 115 S. Nevada. Phone 1061.

TWO light housekeeping rooms; bath, gas, lights, close in. 315 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

WINTER rates are now on at the Westover. Phone 746. Miss Biesbeck.

DOUBBLE rooms or single rooms with or without light housekeeping at 211 E. Ullah.

3-FRIMED modern flat 1 large housekeeping room, 2 sunny rooms, first floor. 712 N. Tejon St.

THREE housekeeping rooms, yard, etc., private entrance, \$3. Call 10 W. Mifflin St.

FOR RENT—7-room house unfurnished. 331 E. Willamette.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, steam heated with bath privileges; \$2 a week up. Victor, 105 S. Cascade.

2-VILL-FURNISHED housekeeping rooms with new south sleeping porch, on car line. 803 East KIowa.

NICELY furnished rooms, hot water heat; also room with private bath. 313 N. Nevada.

SMALL cozy flat and single rooms, sleep, gas ranges, hot water and sleeping porches. 326 E. Yampa.

ROOMS—Attractive rates, one suite, company desired. 1123 N. Weber. Phone 1045.

ONE 3-room and one 4-room flat, completely furnished; all modern conveniences. 219 E. Monument.

TWO rooms for light housekeeping, close in. K-18 Gazette.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room. Apply 21 S. Corona St.

FOR light housekeeping, 2 or 3 rooms in modern home. 314 E. Cuchars.

THREE modern housekeeping rooms, suitable for winter. 718 E. Platte.

DR. GENIE SUMMERS, 6 E. Pikes Peak Bldg. Phone Red 351. General practice nervous and chronic diseases of women; expert spinal curvatures.

E. L. MUMMA, M. D. D. O., 608-609-610. Advertising National Bank Building. Phones: Office, 1374; residence, 1822.

DR. CONWAY, Still's graduate; post-graduate work under specialists. Phone or call 6 E. Pikes Peak Bldg.

LIGHT housekeeping rooms, single or in suite. 623 E. Boulder.

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping, close in. 113 E. Nevada.

MODERN housekeeping rooms, gas range, sink; close in. 327 E. Bijou.

WE REMOVE the cause of disease by removing nerve pressure. Your nerves must be free from pressure or you cannot be well. Chronic diseases our specialty. Examinations free. Coutrup Bros. 214 East Pikes Peak ave., ground floor.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—Best located rooming house in Colorado Springs; twenty-eight rooms, all on one floor; cleared \$3,000 past year. Price, \$3,500 cash. Reasons for selling, particulars by addressing Owner, P. O. Box 1029, City.

CAST iron and aluminum welding. Frank F. Bumstead, rear Gazette Bldg.

LINDER wants general repairing, especially bicycles; 10 yrs' experience. 918 S. Tejon.

REST rock oak leather Men's Soles 60c; ladies 60c. 11 East Huerfano.

WANTED—Of private party, \$2,500 on improved city property. J-147, Gazette.

WANTED—To borrow \$500 on good house and lot. K-9, Gazette.

LEADING buyer of gent's clothing. 14½ E. Huerfano. Phone 1237.

SAFEY blades sharpened. Pikes Peak Pharmacy and Fiedler's cigar store.

MILLINERY—Bring your old hats, have them made new. 107 N. Spruce.

PAINTING and calking, first-class work, reasonable. Phone Red 531.

CAPS crocheted and material furnished for \$1.75, also bags. 308 N. Institute.

DRESSMAKING

WAISTS, 75 up; skirts, \$1.50 up; children's clothes and other garments in accordance. Phone 1061. 115 S. Nevada.

DRESSMAKING by the day. Work guaranteed. 210 E. Costilla.

AN experienced dressmaker would like engagements by day. K-24, Gazette.

DRESSMAKING and ladies' tailoring at home. Phone Main 2768.

SEWING MACHINES

SEWING machines for rent by week or month; machines, \$6.00 and up. 100 to select from; all makes; easy terms. The Next Music Co., 19 N. Tejon.

WANTED Real Estate

WANTED—Best and cheapest lot for cost North. K-12 Gazette.

FOR RENT HOUSES Unfurnished

3 AND 5-room, new, strictly modern apartments in the Barton, corner KIowa and Wahsatch. Inquire Room 16, El Paso Bank Bldg.

Five rooms, modern except heat, 222 S. Wahsatch, also 4-room house, 114 E. Costilla, gas and electric lights. Apply 224 S. Wahsatch.

MODERN eight-room house, new, north, has gas and coal ranges, sleeping porches, every convenience. Apply Geo. Munron, Kaufman.

NICE 7-room cottage, modern; hot water heat; new, quiet; close in, partly furnished, cheap to desirable tenant. Mullany, Midland Block.

PERMANENT furnished or unfurnished modern 6-room house and sleeping porch. 2029 N. Nevada. Phone 1610.

5-ROOM modern, except heat, fine chicken houses and yard. 1608 N. El Paso.

6-ROOM modern, gas, electric lights, on two car lines. 914 E. Platte, \$20. K-9 next door.

FRONT cottage, five rooms, modern, also rear cottage, burn. 311 N. Webster St.

8-ROOM house, thoroughly modern, near college, nicely furnished. 927 N. Weber.

2-ROOM cottage, 2 large sleeping porches, no invalids or children. Inquire Mrs. Clark, 817 E. San Miguel.

FIVE rooms, modern except heat, \$15. Call 214 S. Prospect.

NICE furnished cottage. Inquire rear 804 E. KIowa.

FURNISHED 3-room house, 226 North Chestnut St.

4-ROOM modern house. Inquire 633 N. Corona.

5 ROOMS, partly furnished, rear; yard, car line, \$6. 948 S. Tejon.

2-ROOM cottage, gas, electric, \$10 per month. Phone 628. 223 N. Chestnut.

5 ROOMS, strictly modern, heat furnished. 326 E. Cache la Poudre.

FOUR-ROOM modern furnished cottage. 406 E. Columbia.

4-ROOM modern house, no children. Inquire Kennebec hotel. Phone 1781.

NEW 3-room house, furnished. 202 S. Wahsatch.

10-ROOM strictly modern residence

